

Institute of Professional Studies College of Pharmacy

Medicinal Garden

Jamun (Syzygium cumini)

Kingdom: Plantae

Order: Myrtales

Family: Myrtaceae

Genus: Syzygium

Species: S. cumini

Syzygium cumini, commonly known as Malabar plum,

Java plum,

black plum,

jamun,



It is an evergreen tropical tree native to the Indian subcontinent and Southeast Asia, including Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh and the Andaman Islands. Bark greyish brown, with large flakes, smooth higher up. Slash aromatic. Leaves with many close parallel veins, crushed leaves smells aromatic, Flowers and fruits produced in bunches on leafless part of branches.

Phytochemical Profile:

Various secondary metabolites viz., flavonoids, phenolic acids, tannins, and terpenes have been reported in different parts of S. cumini. Leaves of this plant species contain high levels of flavonoids, especially quercetin, myricetin, myricitrin, kaempferol, and their glucoside derivatives, in addition to simple phenols like ellagic acid, ferulic acid, chlorogenic acid, and gallic acid.

Medicinal and Therapeutic Uses:

Antihyperglycemic Activity
Antihyperlipidemic Activity
Cardioprotective Activity
Antiinflammatory Activity
Antioxidant Activity

